Situational Leadership

Mastering the Single-Most Important Sales Management Skill



Situational Leadership: Round TWO

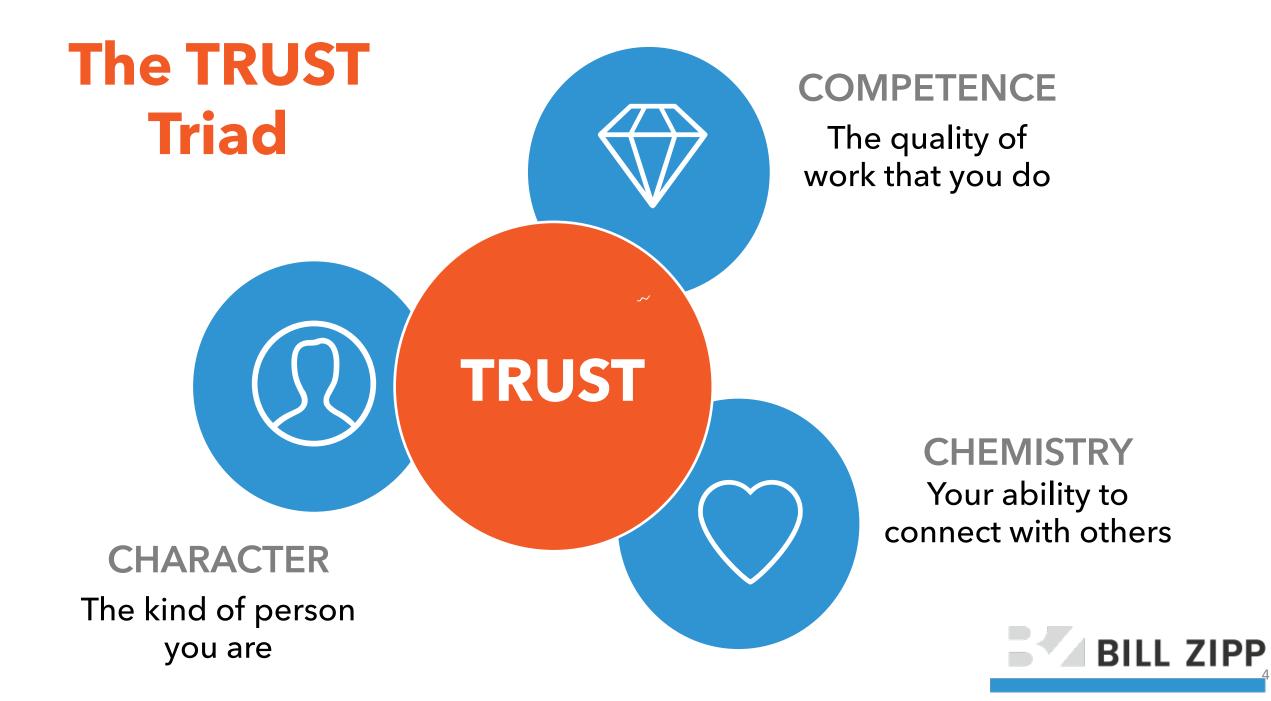








Our ability to coach salespeople well is directly dependent on the quality of our connection with them.



Without TRUST Salespeople

- RESIST change
- IGNORE coaching
- RESENT correction
- DISMISS praise
- REMAIN the same

Trust is the oxygen of human relationships that allows us all to breathe.



We trust–and follow–people who are real, who are consistent, whose behavior, values, and beliefs are aligned. We trust people whom we do not constantly have to second-guess.

> Richard Boyatzis Annie McKee Resonant Leadership

A Template for Sales Coaching Effectiveness

D1	D2	D3	D4
Low Competence and High Commitment	Low to Some Competence and Low Commitment	Moderate to High Competence and Variable Commitment	High Competence and High Commitment
S1	S2	S3	S4
High Direction and Low Support	High Direction and High Support	Low Direction and High Support	Low Direction and Low Support

S1	S2	S3	S4
High Direction and Low Support	High Direction and High Support	Low Direction and High Support	Low Direction and Low Support
Affirm enthusiasm	Understand frustrations	Ask questions and listen	Treat as a partner/peer
Define success clearly	Analyze failures	Analyze successes	Celebrate successes
Give concrete examples	Provide perspective	Provide reassurance	Provide autonomy
Teach and show HOW	Explain WHY	Help hear own voice	Recognize publicly
Check for understanding	Fill in learning gaps	Clear path of problems	Push for a little bit more
Check work frequently	Check work consistently	Check work regularly	Check work occasionally

For the second time in a month, you are having sales documentation problems with one of your sales representatives. Her call reports have been late and incomplete. In the past year she has demonstrated timeliness and accuracy with these reports, and this is the first time you have spoken to her about the problem.

What is the **specific goal**?

What is this person's **competence** in completing the goal?

What is person's **commitment** in completing the goal?

What is her **development level**?

For the second time in a month, you are having sales documentation problems with one of your sales representatives. Her call reports have been late and incomplete. In the past year she has demonstrated timeliness and accuracy with these reports, and this is the first time you have spoken to her about the problem. You would ...

- A. Ask her to complete her sales documentation on time and accurately, without pushing her. Continue to track the completeness and timeliness of her reports.
- B. Tell her to improve the completeness and timeliness of her sales documentation. Go over the areas that are incomplete. Make sure she knows what is expected and how to fill out each section of the report. Continue to track the completeness and timeliness of her reports.
- C. Ask her why her sales documentation is incomplete and late. Listen to her concerns and try to help her understand the importance of turning in accurate and timely reports.
 Continue to track the completeness and timeliness of her reports.
- D. Discuss sales documentation standards with her. Listen to her concerns but make sure she knows what is expected. Go over each section of the report and answer any questions. Continue to track the completeness and timeliness of her reports.

One of your salespeople and one of your pre-sales engineers have to work together often. In the past, they have not demonstrated the interpersonal skills needed to do this in a positive and productive manner. They spend more time catching each other doing things wrong rather working out their differences and partnering together. Last week a deal fell apart because they disagreed sharply with each other on a demo in front of a prospect.

What is the **specific goal**?

What is the **competence** in completing the goal?

What is the **commitment** in completing the goal?

What is their **development level**?

One of your salespeople and one of your pre-sales engineers have to work together often. In the past, they have not demonstrated the interpersonal skills needed to do this in a positive and productive manner. They spend more time catching each other doing things wrong rather working out their differences and partnering together. Last week a deal fell apart because they disagreed sharply with each other on a demo in front of a prospect. You should...

- A. Let the two people know that you are aware of the situation. Ask them to take care of it themselves and get back to you if they have any more issues to resolve.
- B. Meet with the two people and outline the problem as you see it. List the steps of action they need to take to resolve this issue immediately. Follow up every few days to make sure that your steps of action are implemented.
- C. Hold a meeting with the two and discuss the situation, but do not impose your ideas on them. Help them explore their own solutions to the problem and follow up in a month or so to see how things are going.
- D. Meet with the two together and listen to each of their points of view on the situation. Tell them what you think they need to do to work together better but ask for their ideas and incorporate them into a plan for a more harmonious partnership. Make it clear that the problem must be solved immediately and follow-up with them weekly.

What do you do if a salesperson goes **BACKWARDS** in development?



D1	D2	D3	D4	
Low Competence and High Commitment	Low to Some Competence and Low Commitment	Moderate to High Competence and Variable Commitment	High Competence and High Commitment	
	Development Regression			
S1	S2	S3	S4	
High Direction and Low Support	High Direction and High Support	Low Direction and High Support	Low Direction and Low Support	

What do you do if a salesperson goes **BACKWARDS** in development?

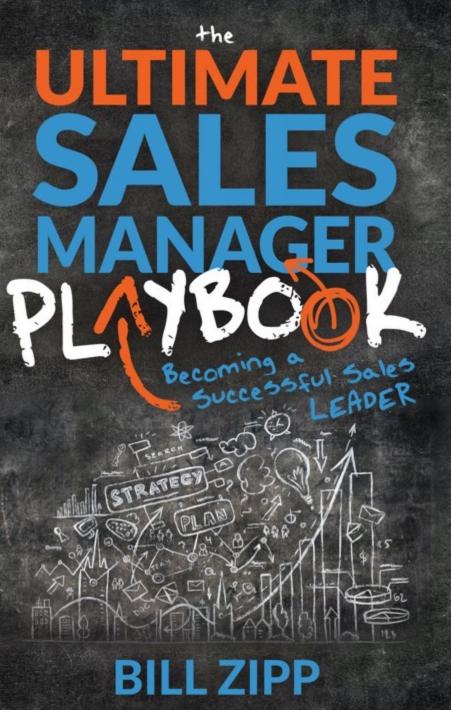
- Start by asking questions in a Style 3 mode. Don't overcorrect!
- Find out what's changed: The sales goal or the motivational environment?
- Adjust your style accordingly, 3 to 4 or 3 to 2 (if necessary).
- Increase follow-through frequency to be more like a Style 1.



What do you do if a salesperson **DISAGREES** with you about their development?

- Clarify *exactly* what the sales activity you're asking of them really means.
- Measure *accurately* what excellence at this sales activity really looks like.
- If disagreement still exists, accept the salesperson's self assessment.
- Increase follow-through frequency to be more like a Style 1.





Situational Leadership

February 7, 14, and 21

4:00 PM in London, 8:00 AM in Los Angeles

Do these two things:

- 1. Complete the quiz. Beat the competition!
- 2. Listen to the podcasts.

Your Dedicated Web Resource Page:

https://billzipp.com/bighandsituationalleadership/



